

### **KS5 Physics**



#### TERM 2

#### Foundations of Physics

• Units, scalars and vector

TERM 1

#### Forces and Motion

- Motion calculations and graphs
- Stopping distances
- Projectile motion
- Calculating gravity

#### Forces In Action

- Forces
- Mass and weight
- Terminal velocity
- Turning forces
- Density
- Pressure

#### Work, Energy and Power

- Work done
- Energy and Efficiency
- Power

#### Materials

- Hooke's law
- Elastic potential energy
- Deforming materials
- Young Modulus

#### Laws of Motion and Momentum

- Newton's laws
- Momentum and Impulse

#### Charge and Current

- Current
- Charge
- · Kirchoff's 1st law

#### Energy, Power and Resistance

- Circuits
- Potential difference and electromotive force
- Resistance
- Component characteristics
- Electrical power
- · Cost of electricity

#### Waves 1

- Progressive waves
- Reflection
- Refraction
- Diffraction
- Electromagnetic waves

#### TERM 3

#### **Electrical Circuits**

- Kirchoff's Laws
- Internal Resistance
- Potential Dividers

#### **Quantum Physics**

- Photons
- Photoelectric effect
- Wave-particle duality

#### **End of Year Exams**

#### Thermal Physics

- Temperature
- Changing State
- Specific heat Capacity
- Specific latent heat
- Ideal Gases
- Kinetic theory
- Ideal Gas Laws
- Absolute zero

#### **Gravitational Fields**

- Gravitational Fields
- Newton's laws of gravitation
- Kepler's Laws
- Satellites

#### Stars

- The universe
- Life cycle of stars
- Spectra
- Stellar luminosity

#### Cosmology and the Big Bang

- Astronomical distances
- Doppler effect and red shift
- Hubble's Law
- **Big Bang theory**
- Evolution of the universe

#### Circular Motion

- Angular velocity
- · Centripetal force and acceleration

#### Oscillations

- Simple harmonic motion
- Damping and driving
- Resonance

### **KS5 Physics**



#### TERM 2

#### Capacitance

- Capacitance
- Charging and discharging capacitors
- Electric Fields
- Coulomb's law
- Charged particles in electric fields
- Electric potential and energy
- Magnetic Fields
- Magnetic fields
- Electromagnetic induction
- Faraday and Lenz's laws
- Tranformers

#### Particle Physics

- Rutherford's experiment
- Nuclear model
- Subatomic particles
- Antiparticles

#### Radioactivity

- Nulcear decay
- Activity
- Half Life
- Radioactive dating

#### **Nuclear Physics**

- E = mc2
- Binding energy
- Nuclear fission and fusion

#### **Medical Imaging**

- X-ray imaging
- **CAT** scans
- Gamma cameras
- **PET scanners**
- Ultrasound and doppler imaging





### **KS5 Biology**



#### TERM 2

6.5 Ecosystems

6.4 Self study module: Cloning and biotech

6.4 Cloning and biotechnology

6.3 Manipulating genomes

#### TERM 1

5.3 Neural communication

5.4 Hormonal communication

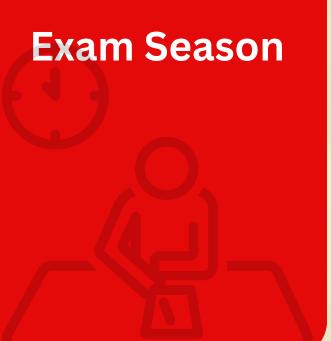
6.1 Cellular control

5.5 Plant and animal responses

5.6 Photosynthesis

5.7 Respiration

6.2 Patterns of inheritance





### **KS5 Biology**



#### **TERM 1**

2.2 Biological Molecules

2.3 Nucleic acids

2.1 Cell structure

2.5 Membranes

2.6 cell division, diversity, and differentiation

3.1 Exchange surfaces and breathing

#### TERM 2

2.4 Enzymes

4.2 Biodiversity

3.2 Transport in animals

3.3 Transport in plants

Communicable disease

#### TERM 3

4.3 Classification

6.6 self study module:Populations and sustainability

5.1 communication and homeostasis

5.2 Excretion as an example of homeostatic control





#### Module 5

• Rates, equilibrium and pH

#### Module 6

- Carbonyl Compounds
- Nitrogen compounds, polymers and synthesis

#### TERM 2

#### Module 5

Energy

#### Module 6

Analysis







#### Module 2

- Atoms and Moles
- Formulas and Equations
- Reactions and Calculations
- Electrons, Bonding and Structure

#### Module 3

• The Periodic Table

#### TERM 2

#### Module 3

Physical Chemistry

#### Module 4

- Basic Concepts and Hydrocarbons
- Alcohols and Haloalkanes
- Analysis and Organic Synthesis

#### TERM 3

#### Module 5

• Transition Metals

#### Module 6

Aromatic Compounds

### **Combined Science**



#### TERM 3

#### B6: Global challenges

- Feeding the human race
- Monitoring and maintaining health
- Non-communicable disease

C5: Monitoring and Controlling Chemical Reactions

- Controlling Reactions
- Equilibria

#### C6: Global Challenges

- Improving processes and products (Choosing materials -Cracking oil fractions)
- Interpreting and Interacting with Earth Systems

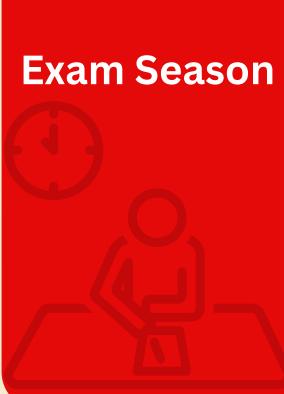
#### P5: Energy

- Energy stores
- Energy transfer analysis and calculations
- Power, efficiency, cost of electricity
- Insulation

#### P6: Global Challenges

- Motion:
- -Stopping distances
- -Car safety and collisions
- Mains Electricity:
- -Power stations and energy resources
- -National grid
- -Plugs







#### B2: Scaling up

• The challenges of size

### B3: Organism-level systems

- The Nervous System
- The Endocrine System
- Maintaining internal environments

#### C3 - Chemical Reactions

- Introducing chemical reactions
- Energetics
- Types of chemical reaction

### P3 - Electricity and Magnetism

- Electricity:
- -Static electricity
- -Current electricity
- -Current, potential difference and resistance
- -IV Characteristics
- -Electrical Power
- Magnetism:
- -Magnetic fields
- -Electromagnetism
- -The motor effect

### **Combined Science**



#### TERM 2

### B4: Community level systems

Ecosystems

B5: Genes, inheritance, and selection

- Inheritance
  - C3 Chemical Reactions
- Electrolysis
  - P4 Waves and Radiation
- Waves:
- Wave types and properties
- Electromagnetic waves
- Reflection, refraction, transmission and absorption

**Exam Season** 

#### TERM 3

B5: Genes, inheritance, and selection

Natural selection and evolution

B6: Global challenges

 Monitoring and maintaining the environment

C4 Predicting and Identifying Reactions and Products

Predicting chemical reactions

#### Radioactivity

- Atomic structure, isotopes and ions
- Nuclear radiation
- Contamination and irradiation



### **Combined Science**



#### TERM 1

#### B1: Cell-level systems.

- Cell structure
- What happens in cells?

#### C1: Particles

- The particle model
- Atomic structure

# C2: Elements, Compounds and Mixtures

• Purity and Separating Mixtures

#### P1 - Matter

- Atomic history
- Temperature
- Heating and cooling
- Gas pressure

#### TERM 2

#### B1: Cell-level systems.

- Respiration
- Photosynthesis

C2: Elements, Compounds and Mixtures

- Bonding
- Properties of materials

#### P2 - Forces

- Speed and acceleration
- Kinetic energy
- Resultant forces
- Newton's Laws
- Terminal Velocity
- Momentum (Higher only)

#### TERM 3

#### B2: Scaling up

Supplying the cell

#### Retrieval

### C2: Elements, Compounds and Mixtures

Properties of materials

#### Retrieval

- Work and power
- Gravitational potential energy
- Hooke's Law and elastic potential energy

#### Retrieval

**Exam Season** 



### **Separate Science**



#### **TERM 1**

#### B6: Global challenges

- Feeding the human race
- Monitoring and maintaining health
- Non-communicable disease

#### TERM 2



#### TERM 3

**Exam Season** 





### **Separate Science**



#### **TERM 1**

#### B2: Scaling up

• The challenges of size

## B3: Organism-level systems

- The Nervous System
- The Endocrine System
- Maintaining internal environments

#### TERM 2

## B4: Community level systems

• Ecosystems

B5: Genes, inheritance, and selection

• Inheritance

#### TERM 3

B5: Genes, inheritance, and selection

Natural selection and evolution

B6: Global challenges

 Monitoring and maintaining the environment



### **Separate Science**



#### **TERM 1**

B1: Cell-level systems

- Cell structure
- What happens in cells?

### TERM 2

B1: Cell-level systems.

- Respiration
- Photosynthesis

#### **TERM 3**

B2: Scaling up

Supplying the cell

